CHAP. as aforefaid, and that the having a matter of fact depending for trial as aforefaid, shall be held and allowed to be a good cause of challenge to any such juror.

Form of recognizance of bail, &c.

IV. And he it further enamed, That instead of the form of recognizance of bail prescribed by the act, entitled, An act for taking special bail in the several counties in this state, upon actions or suits depending in the general court, and in the several county courts of this state, the following form shall be observed and used in all actions to be commenced from and after the end of this present session of affembly; that is to fay in John Doe plaintiff, against Richard Roe descadant. You, A. B. and C. D. do jointly and severally acknowledge yourselves special bail for the said Richard Roe, at the suit of the said John Doe, in an action of debt brought by the said John Doe against the said Richard Roc, in the general court. They acknowledge themselves to be content therewith, this — before .

To the honourable the judges of the general court.

Varying nevertheless the said form, according as the nature of the action may require; and that the faid recognizance shall have the same force and effect as any recognizance of bail acknowledged and taken in open court.

Iustices to examine into the fufficiency of bail, &c.

V. And he it further enames. That the judge or justices, by and before whom any fuch recognizance of bail shall be taken and acknowledged, shall, and they are hereby required, carefully to examine into the circumstances and sufficiency of the bail so to be taken as aforesaid, and to be careful that they do not take any recognizance of bail of persons that shall not appear to them to have sufficient estate within this state to answer the same at the time of taking and acknowledging thereof; provided that nothing herein shall be construed to abridge or take away the power of the justices of the general or county courts within this state, to make rules and orders for the justifying bails and making the same absolute, or to examine the furcties upon oath, touching the value of their estates, as by the faid recited act they are required to do.

Upon judgement, plaintiff may issue execution,

VI. And he it also enamed, That upon any judgment hereafter to be rendered upon any recognizance of bail, it shall and may be lawful for the plaintiff or plaintiffs therein, to iffue execution against the body, goods or chattels, lands or tenements, of the defendant, as if the faid judgment were for his own proper debt, any law, usage or custom, to the contrary thereof in anywise notwith-Standing.

Execution may be issued, ment rendered, &c.

VII. And he it enaked and declared, That execution may be issued on any may be inued, judgment rendered in the provincial court, or rendered or to be rendered in the general court, or in any county court of this state, with stay of execution, at any time within one year next after the expiration of such stay; provided that the stay of execution be entered upon the clerk of the court his docket, at the same court when the judgment shall he repidered; and also after the dissolution of any injunction of or from the court of chancery, or the discharge or expiration of any supersedeas, on appeal, or any writ of error, at any time within one year after dissolution of such injunction or discharge, or expiration of such supersedeas,

Courts may give judgment in causes retrament, &c.

VIII. And he it further enacted, That if any cause, instituted, or hereaster to be instituted, in any of the courts of this state, shall, by rule of court, and by ferred to arbi- the consent and agreement of the parties thereto, be submitted and referred to the award and arbitrament of any person or persons, it shall and may be lawful to and for such court to give judgment upon the award of the person or persons to whom such submission and reference shall be made, as of the court to which such award shall be returned, and to award execution thereon, in the same manner as they might do upon verdict, confession or nonsuit, and that such judgment shall have the same effect, to every intent and purpose, as any judgment upon verdict or confession would have.

Provilo.

IX. Provided always, That such award shall remain seven days in the general court during their fitting, if returned to the general court, or four days in the respective